

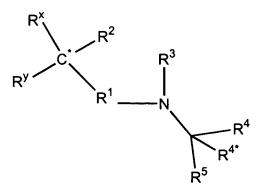
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APPENDIX A1: PENDING CLAIMS (CLEAN COPY)

43. (Amended) A compound of the following formula:





or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

- (1) C^{*} is a substituted carbon;
- (2) R² (a) is hydrogen, (C1-C6) alkyl, (C1-C6) alkoxy, cyano, (C2-C7) alkanoyl, aminocarbonyl, (C1-C6) alkylaminocarbonyl, or dialkylaminocarbonyl wherein each alkyl is independently C1 to C6, (b) comprises (where R¹ is not aminoethylene, -O-R⁸ or -S-R^{8*}) hydroxy, fluoro, chloro, bromo or (C2-C7) alkanoyloxy, (c) forms a double bond with an adjacent carbon or nitrogen from one of either R¹, R^{xb} or R^{yb}, (d) is R^{2a} linked by R^{2b} to C*, or (e) is ethylene forming a third bridging structure as set forth in (2ⁱⁱⁱ)(c)(i);
- (2i) R^{x} is R^{xa} linked by R^{xb} to C^{*} ;
- (2ii) Ry is Rya linked by Ryb to C*;
- (2ⁱⁱⁱ) R^{xa} and R^{ya}, are independently Ar, which is phenyl or naphthyl, heteroaryl, or or a 5 to 7-membered non-aromatic ring having from 0 to 2 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen, and R^{2a}, when present, is Ar, and wherein:
 - (a) heteroaryl comprises thienyl, furanyl, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, or one of the foregoing fused to phenyl, or methylenedioxyphenyl,

- (b) each of R^{xa} and R^{ya} can be independently substituted with one of Rq, R^rO- or R^sS-, wherein each of Rq, R^r and R^s are independently Ar, heteroaryl, adamantyl, or a 5 to 7-membered non-aromatic ring having from 0 to 2 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen, and
- (c) R^{xa}, R^{ya}, R^{2a}, R^q, R^r and R^s can be substituted or additionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of fluoro, chloro, bromo, nitro, hydroxy, cyano, trifluoromethyl, amidosulfonyl which can have up to two independent (C1-C6) N-alkyl substitutions, (C1-C12) alkyl, (C2-C12) alkenyl, amino, (C1-C6) alkylamino, dialkylamino wherein each alkyl of dialkylamino is independently C1 to C6, (C1-C6) alkoxy, (C2-C7) alkanoyl, (C2-C7) alkanoyloxy, trifluoromethoxy, hydroxycarbonyl, (C2-C7) alkyloxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl that can be substituted for hydrogen with up to two independent (C1-C6) alkyl, (C1-C6) alkylsulfonyl, or amidino wherein the amidino can be independently substituted with up to three (C1-C6) alkyl groups, wherein:
 - (i.) the substitutions of R^{xa} and R^{ya} can be combined to form a second bridge between R^{xa} and R^{ya} comprising (1) methylene or ethylene, which methylene or ethylene can be substituted by R² when R² is ethylene to form the third bridging structure, or (2) -CH=CH-, or (3) sulfur, or (4) oxygen, or wherein R^{xa} and R^{ya} can be directly linked by a single bond,
- (d) wherein at least one of R^{xa}, R^{ya}, R^q, R^r or R^s is heteroaryl, or a second bridge between R^{xa} and R^{ya} comprises sulfur or oxygen as set forth below, or Ar substituted with a methylenedioxy;
- (2iv) Rxb and R2b are independently a single bond or (C1-C2) alkylene;

- (2^v) R^{yb} is a single bond, oxy, (C1-C2) alkylene, ethenylene or -CH= (where the double bond is with C^*), thio, methyleneoxy or methylenethio, or either -N(R^6) or -CH₂-N(R^6*)-, wherein R^6 and R^6* are hydrogen or (C1-C6) alkyl;
- (3) R^1 comprises: a straight-chained (C2-C3) aliphatic group; =N-O-(ethylene), wherein the unmatched double bond is linked to C^* ; -O-R⁸ or -S-R^{8*} wherein R⁸ or R^{8*} is a ethylene or ethenylene and O or S is bonded to C^* ; aminoethylene where the amino is bonded to C^* :
 - wherein R¹ can be substituted with up to one hydroxy, up to one (C1-C6) alkoxy or up to one (C2-C7) alkanoyloxy, with up to two independent (C1-C6) alkyl, with up to one oxo, up to one (C1-C6) alkylidene, with the proviso that the hydroxy, alkoxy, alkanoyloxy or oxo substituents are not bonded to a carbon that is bonded to a nitrogen or oxygen;
 - wherein if R¹ contributes a heteroatom linked to C^{*}, then R^{yb} does not contribute a heteroatom linked to C^{*}; and
 - wherein the alkyl or alkylidene substituents of R¹ can be linked to form a 3 to 7-membered non-aromatic ring;
- (4) R^3 (a) is hydrogen, (C1-C6) alkyl, or phenyl or phenylalkyl wherein the alkyl is C1 to C6 and the phenyl or phenyl of phenylalkyl can be substituted with the same substituents defined above for the phenyl of R^{xa} , (b) is $-R^{12}C(R^{xx})(R^{yy})(R^{11})$, wherein R^{12} is bonded to N, R^{xx} is independently the same as R^x , R^{yy} is independently the same as R^y , R^{11} is independently the same as R^2 and R^{12} is independently the same as R^1 ;
- (5) R^4 and R^{4*} are independently hydrogen or (C1-C6) alkyl, or one of R^4 and R^{4*} can be (C1-C6) hydroxyalkyl; and

(6) R^5 is (CO)NR¹³R¹⁴, (CO)OR¹⁵, (CO)SR¹⁶, (SO₂)NR¹⁷R¹⁸, (PO)(OR¹⁹)(OR²⁰), (CR²²)(OR²³)(OR²⁴), CN or tetrazol-5-yl, wherein (a) R¹³, R¹⁴, R¹⁵, R¹⁶, R¹⁷, R¹⁸ R¹⁹ and R²⁰ are independently hydrogen, (C1-C8) alkyl which can include a (C3-C8) cycloalkyl, wherein the carbon linked to the oxygen of R¹⁵ or the sulfur of R¹⁶ has no more than secondary branching, (C2-C6) hydroxyalkyl, aminoalkyl where the alkyl is C2 to C6 and the amino can be substituted with up to two independent (C1-C6) alkyls, Ar-alkyl wherein the alkyl is C1-C6, or Ar, and (b) R²² is hydrogen or OR²⁵ and R²³, R²⁴ and R²⁵ are independently (C1-C6) alkyl, phenyl, benzyl or acetyl or, the alkyls of R²³ and R²⁴ can be combined to include 1,3-dioxolane or 1,3-dioxane:

wherein the phenyl or naphthyl groups of R¹³, R¹⁴, R¹⁵, R¹⁶, R¹⁷, R¹⁸, R¹⁹, R²⁰, R²², R²³ or R²⁴ can be substituted with substituents selected from the group consisting of fluoro, chloro, bromo, nitro, cyano, hydroxy, trifluoromethyl, amidosulfonyl which can have up to two independent (C1-C6) N-alkyl substitutions, (C1-C6) alkyl, (C2-C6) alkenyl, (C1-C6) alkylamine, dialkylamine wherein each alkyl is independently C1 to C6, amino, (C1-C6) alkoxy, (C2-C7) alkanoyl, (C2-C7) alkanoyloxy, trifluoromethoxy, hydroxycarbonyl, (C2-C7) alkyloxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl that can be N-substituted with up to two independent (C1-C6) alkyl, (C1-C6) alkylsulfonyl, or amidino that can be substituted with up to three (C1-C6) alkyl;

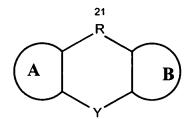
wherein R¹³ and R¹⁴ together with the attached nitrogen can form a 5 to 7-membered ring.

44. The compound of claim 43, wherein at least one of R^{xa}, R^{ya}, R^q, R^r and R^s is thienyl or furanyl.

45. The compound of claim 43, wherein at least one of R^{xa} and R^{ya} is thienyl or furanyl.

- C2
- 46. (Amended) The compound of claim 43, wherein (A) at least one of R^{xa}, R^{ya} and R^{2a} is substituted with fluoro, chloro, bromo, hydroxy, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, nitro, cyano or (C3-C8) alkyl, or (B) at least one of R^{xa} and R^{ya} is substituted with R^q, R^rO- or R^sS-, or (C) R³ is hydrogen, (C1-C6) alkyl, or phenyl or phenylalkyl wherein the alkyl is C1 to C6 and either such phenyl can be substituted with the same substituents defined above for the phenyl of R^{xa} or (D) the ring structures of R^{xa}, R^{ya} and R^{2a}, including substituents thereto, otherwise include at least two aromatic ring structures that together include from 15 to 20 ring atoms.
- 47. The compound of claim 46, wherein at least one of R^{xa}, R^{ya}, R^q, R^r and R^s is substituted with fluoro, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, nitro, cyano, or (C3-C8) alkyl.
- 48. The compound of claim 43, wherein at least one of R^{xa} and R^{ya} is substituted with R^q, R^rO-, or R^sS-.
- 49. The compound of claim 43, wherein an Ar of at least one of R^{xa}, R^{ya} and R^{2a} is phenyl.
- 50. The compound of claim 43, wherein Ryb is oxy, methyleneoxy, thio, or methylenethio.
- 51. The compound of claim 50, wherein Ryb is oxy or thio.

- 52. The compound of claim 43, wherein R⁵ is (CO)NR¹³R¹⁴, (CO)OR¹⁵ or (CO)SR¹⁶.
- 53. The compound of claim 52, wherein R⁵ is (CO)OR¹⁵ and R¹⁵ is (C2-C6) alkyl, (C2-C4) hydroxyalkyl, phenyl, phenylalkyl wherein the alkyl is C1-C3, or aminoalkyl where the alkyl is C2-C6 and the amino can be substituted with up to two independent (C1-C3) alkyls, wherein the phenyl or the phenyl of phenylalkyl can be substituted.
- 54. The compound of claim 52, wherein R⁵ is (CO)OR¹⁵ and R¹⁵ is hydrogen.
- 55. The compound of claim 43, wherein R⁴ is hydrogen, methyl or hydroxymethyl and R^{4*} is hydrogen.
- (Amended) The compound of claim 43, wherein R¹ is -O-R⁸ or -S-R^{8*}.
 - 57. The compound of claim 56, wherein Rxa-Rxb-, Rya-Ryb- and C* form:



wherein A and B are Ar ring structures consistent with the definitions of R^{xa} and R^{ya}, respectively, and Y is C^{*} wherein R²¹ either (i.) completes a single bond linking two Ar rings of R^{xa} and R^{ya}, or (ii.) is (C1-C2) alkylene or -CH=CH-, and wherein R^{xa} and R^{ya} can be substituted.

- 58. The compound of claim 57, wherein R^{21} is CH_2CH_2 or CH=CH.
- 59. The compound of claim 43, wherein R^{xa} and R^{ya} together can be substituted with up to six substituents, R^{2a}, R^q, R^r and R^s can each be substituted with up to 3 substituents, and wherein the presence of each of R^q, R^rO- or R^sS- is considered a substitution to the respective ring structure of R^{xa} and R^{ya}.
- 60. The compound of claim 43, wherein a phenyl of R³ is substituted with up to three substituents.
- (Amended) The compound of claim 43, wherein the Ar of R¹³, R¹⁴, R¹⁵, R¹⁶, R¹⁷, R¹⁸, R¹⁹ or R²⁰ is substituted with up to three substituents.
 - 62. The compound of claim 43, wherein R^3 is hydrogen, (C1-C6) alkyl, or phenyl or phenylalkyl wherein the alkyl is C1 to C6 and the phenyl or phenyl of phenylalkyl can be substituted with the same substituents defined above for the phenyl of R^{xa} .
 - 63. The compound of claim 43, wherein the compound is an optically pure enantiomer.
 - 64. A pharmaceutical composition comprising the compound of claim 43 and a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.

- 65. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 64, wherein the compound is present in an effective amount for:
 - (1) treating schizophrenia,
 - (2) treating epilepsy,
 - (3) treating spasticity,
 - (4) treating muscle spasm,
 - (5) treating pain,
 - (6) treating mood disorders,
 - (7) enhancing memory or learning, or
 - (8) treating learning disorders.

- (Amended) The compound of claim 43 wherein: 66.
- R² is hydrogen or wherein R² forms a double bond with an adjacent carbon from R¹, **(1)**
- R^{xa} and R^{ya} are phenyl, thienyl or furanyl, and can be substituted. (2)
- R^{xb} is a single bond and R^{yb} is a single bond or oxy, and (3)
- R⁵ is (CO)NR¹³R¹⁴ or (CO)OR¹⁵, wherein R¹³, R¹⁴, and R¹⁵ are independently hydrogen; (4) (C1-C8) alkyl which can include a (C3-C8) cycloalkyl, wherein the carbon linked to the oxygen of OR 15 has no more than secondary branching; (C2-C6) hydroxyalkyl or aminoalkyl where the alkyl is C2 to C6 and the amino can be substituted with up to two independent (C1-C6) alkyl or phenylalkyl, wherein the alkyl is C1-C6 and the phenyl can be substituted with substituents selected from the group consisting of fluoro, chloro, bromo, nitro, cxano, hydroxy, trifluoromethyl, amidosulfonyl which can have up to two independent (C1-C6) N-alkyl substitutions, (C1-C6) alkyl, (C2-C6) alkenyl, (C1-C6) alkylamine, dialkylamine wherein each alkyl is independently C1 to C6, amino, (C1-C6) alkoxy, (C2-C7) alkanoyl, (\$\&2-C7) alkanoyloxy, trifluoromethoxy, hydroxycarbonyl, (C2-C7) alkyloxycarbonyl, ammocarbonyl that



can be N-substituted with up to two independent (C1-C6) alkyl, (C1-C6) alkylsulfonyl, amidino that can substituted with up to three (C1-C6) alkyl.

- 67. The compound of claim 66, wherein R² forms a double bond with an adjacent carbon from R¹.
- 68. A method of (1) treating schizophrenia comprising administering a schizophrenia treating effective amount of a compound, (2) of treating epilepsy comprising administering an epilepsy treating effective amount of a compound, (3) treating spasticity comprising administering a spasticity treating effective amount of a compound, (4) treating muscle spasm comprising administering a muscle spasm treating effective amount of a compound, (5) treating pain comprising administering a pain treating effective amount of a compound, (6) treating mood disorders comprising administering a mood disorder treating effective amount of a compound, (7) enhancing memory or learning comprising administering a memory or learning enhancing effective amount of a compound, or (8) treating learning disorders, comprising administering an amount effective for said treating or enhancing of a compound of claim 43.
- 69. The method of claim 68, wherein the spasticity is associated with epilepsy, stroke, head trauma, multiple sclerosis, spinal cord injury or dystonia.
- 70. The method of claim 68 of (1) treating schizophrenia comprising administering a schizophrenia treating effective amount of a compound, (5) treating pain comprising administering a pain treating effective amount of a compound or (6) treating mood disorders comprising administering a mood disorder treating effective amount of a compound.

- 71. The method of claim 68 of treating schizophrenia comprising administering a schizophrenia treating effective amount of the compound.
- 72. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 65, wherein the compound is present in an effective amount for treating schizophrenia.
- 73. The compound of claim 43, wherein R¹ is a straight-chained (C2-C3) aliphatic group.
- 74. The compound of claim 73, wherein R^2 forms a double bond with an adjacent carbon from R^1 .